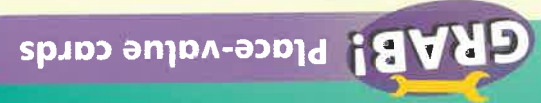


6-digit numbers



Copy and complete these place-value additions.

1  $4306 - 200 = \square$

2  $5735 + 60 = \square$

9  $48513 - 302 = \square$

3  $3673 - 2000 = \square$

10  $64226 + 20001 = \square$

4  $9323 + 400 = \square$

11  $88976 - 740 = \square$

5  $8562 - 6001 = \square$

12  $96818 + 2050 = \square$

6  $2845 + 3030 = \square$

13  $567635 + 20000 = \square$

7  $77635 - 5000 = \square$

14  $875969 - 60000 = \square$

8  $57629 + 60 = \square$

15  $344873 + 5000 = \square$

Write a 5-digit number where all digits are the same. Now write a subtraction so that two of the digits become zero.



I am confident with the place value of 4-, 5- and 6-digit numbers.



Write the numbers described in figures.

- 1 Five hundred thousands, three hundreds, eight tens, ninety-four thousands, six ones
- 2 Two hundreds, seventy-three thousands, seven ones, eight hundred thousands
- 3 Seven hundreds, twenty-four thousands, six ones, nine tens
- 4 Two hundred thousands, six tens, one thousand, nine ones, two hundreds
- 5 Eight hundreds, five hundred thousands, thirty-two thousands, six ones, four tens

Copy and complete.

6  $743913 - 900 = \square$

7  $502889 + 4000 = \square$

8  $853241 - 30000 = \square$

9  $340537 - 300000 = \square$

10  $332385 + 50000 = \square$

11  $36789 + 200000 = \square$

What number is:

12 4 more than 49997?

13 100 more than 482964?

14 6 less than 200000?

15 1000 more than 469305?

16 1000 less than 400478?

17 7 less than 698005?

18 100 more than 89995?

19 8 less than 530003?



If you are adding 100, think of three numbers where you will cross a thousand.

I am confident with the place value of 6-digit numbers.

