Section 1 Test 10

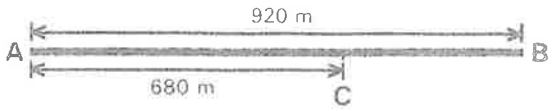
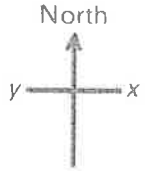
A

		ANSWER
1	£1·00 − 14p	p
2	15 mm × 10 = cm	cm
3	£1·50 + £2·60	£
4	5450 m = km m	km m
5	27p × 4 = £	£
6	$\frac{1}{5}$ of £3·00 = p	p
7	56 FIVES = TWENTIES	TWENTIES
8	5 days = hours	hours
9	(56 ÷ 7) − (9 ÷ 9)	
10	$\frac{1}{2}\ell$ − 389 mℓ = mℓ	mℓ
11	1 m = mm	mm
12	(9 × 6) + (10 × 5)	

B

		ANSWER
1	Increase 57 by 35.	
2	Half of a sum of money is 49p. What is the whole amount?	p
3	How many 10-cm lengths are there in 5 m?	
4	Multiply the sum of 5 and 4 by 8.	
5	How many p in $\frac{3}{8}$ of 40p?	p
6	$7 \times y = 98$ Find the value of y.	
7	Write the time $\frac{1}{2}$ h before 12.05 p.m. Use a.m. or p.m.	
8	420 minus 80 equals 300 plus	
9	What is the cost of 8 if one costs £0·19?	£
10	Find the difference between $\frac{1}{8}$ and $\frac{3}{4}$.	
11	How much short of 3 m is 265 cm?	cm
12	Add 3 TENS, 7 FIVES and 6 TWOS.	p

C

		ANSWER
1	From the sum of 24 and 29 take 13.	
2	Arrange the figures 4, 0, 2, 5, to make the largest possible even number.	
3	The distance round a square is 72 cm. What is the length of one side?	cm
4	Write the next two numbers in this series. 8, 4, 2, 1, ,	,
5	 How far is it from C to B?	m
6	 A boy stands at point x and faces point y. In which direction is he facing?	
7	What is the smallest number into which both 4 and 6 will divide exactly?	
8	A school was opened in 1958. How many years will the school have been open by the year 2020?	
9	If 1 litre costs 70p, find the cost of (a) 100 mℓ (b) 400 mℓ.	(a) p (b) p
10	9 TWOS 3 FIVES 7 TENS Katie had these coins. How much more is needed to make her money up to £1·20?	p
11	Write the missing sign +, −, × or ÷ in place of ● and ▲. (12 ● 3) ▲ 6 = 10	● ▲
12	Which two coins are given in change from £2 after spending 83p and 66p?	p p