Section 1 Test 10

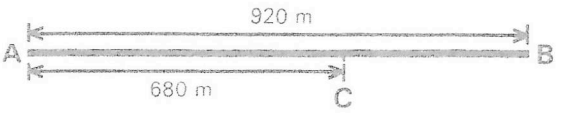
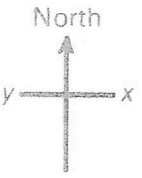
A

		ANSWER
1	£1·00 − 14p	86p
2	15 mm × 10 = cm	15 cm
3	£1·50 + £2·60	£ 4·10
4	5450 m = km m	5 km 450 m
5	27p × 4 = £	£ 1·08
6	$\frac{1}{5}$ of £3·00 = p	60p
7	56 FIVES = TWENTIES	14 TWENTIES
8	5 days = hours	120 hours
9	(56 ÷ 7) − (9 ÷ 9)	7
10	$\frac{1}{2}\ell$ − 389 mℓ = mℓ	111 mℓ
11	1 m = mm	1000 mm
12	(9 × 6) + (10 × 5)	104

B

		ANSWER
1	Increase 57 by 35.	92
2	Half of a sum of money is 49p. What is the whole amount?	98p
3	How many 10-cm lengths are there in 5 m?	50
4	Multiply the sum of 5 and 4 by 8.	72
5	How many p in $\frac{3}{8}$ of 40p?	15p
6	$7 \times y = 98$ Find the value of y.	14
7	Write the time $\frac{1}{2}$ h before 12.05 p.m. Use a.m. or p.m,	11.35 a.m.
8	420 minus 80 equals 300 plus	40
9	What is the cost of 8 if one costs £0·19?	£ 1·52
10	Find the difference between $\frac{1}{8}$ and $\frac{3}{4}$.	$\frac{5}{8}$
11	How much short of 3 m is 265 cm?	35 cm
12	Add 3 TENS, 7 FIVES and 6 TWOS.	77p

C

		ANSWER
1	From the sum of 24 and 29 take 13.	40
2	Arrange the figures 4, 0, 2, 5, to make the largest possible even number.	5420
3	The distance round a square is 72 cm. What is the length of one side?	18 cm
4	Write the next two numbers in this series. 8, 4, 2, 1, ,	$\frac{1}{2}$, $\frac{1}{4}$
5	 How far is it from C to B?	240 m
6	 A boy stands at point x and faces point y. In which direction is he facing?	West
7	What is the smallest number into which both 4 and 6 will divide exactly?	12
8	A school was opened in 1958. How many years will the school have been open by the year 2020?	62
9	If 1 litre costs 70p, find the cost of (a) 100 mℓ (b) 400 mℓ.	(a) 7p (b) 28p
10	9 TWOS 3 FIVES 7 TENS Katie had these coins. How much more is needed to make her money up to £1·20?	17p
11	Write the missing sign +, −, × or ÷ in place of ● and ▲. (12 ● 3) ▲ 6 = 10	● ÷ ▲ +
12	Which two coins are given in change from £2 after spending 83p and 66p?	50p 1p